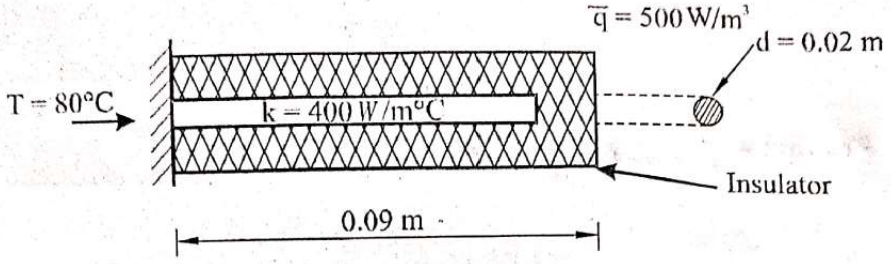
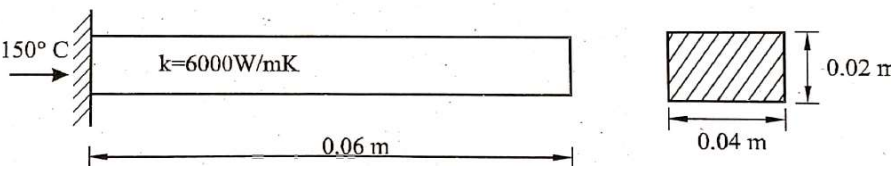


**CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION- 3**

Dept: ME	Sem / Div: 6 A	Sub: Finite Element Methods	S Code: 18ME61
Date: 04/08/2021	Time: 9:30 am -11:00 am	Max Marks: 50	Elective: N
Note: Answer any 2 full questions, choosing one full question from each part.			

Q N	Questions	Marks	RBT	COs
<b>PART A</b>				
1 a	Derive the shape function for the axisymmetric triangular element.	12	L2	CO5
b	An induction furnace wall is made up of three layers; inside, middle and outer layer with thermal conductivity $k_1$ , $k_2$ and $k_3$ respectively as shown in the figure. Determine the nodal temperature.	13	L3	CO4
<p style="margin-left: 400px;"> <math>k_1 = 8.5\text{W/mK}</math>  <math>k_2 = 0.25\text{W/mK}</math>  <math>k_3 = 0.08\text{W/mK}</math>  <math>h = 45\text{W/m}^2\text{K}</math>  <math>T_\infty = 30^\circ\text{C}</math> </p>				
<b>OR</b>				
2 a	Arrive at the expression of the stiffness matrix for the axisymmetric triangular element.	13	L2	CO5
b	Find the temperature distribution in the 1D fin shown in the figure. Consider two elements for the FE model.	12	L3	CO4
<b>PART B</b>				
3 a	Derive the lumped mass matrix for the bar element.	8	L2	CO5
b	Derive the shape function for 1D heat conduction element.	8	L2	CO4
c	Determine the temperature distribution in a one dimensional fin shown in the figure. There is an internal heat generation inside the wall of $500\text{W/m}^3$	9	L3	CO4

**CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION- 3**

				
<b>OR</b>				
4 a	Derive the consistent mass matrix for the bar element.	8	L2	CO5
b	Derive the conductivity matrix for the 1D heat conduction element.	8	L2	CO4
c	<p>Determine the temperature distribution in the rectangular fin shown in the figure. Neglect convective heat transfer and assume heat generated inside the fin as <math>500 \text{ W/m}^3</math></p> 	9	L3	CO4